Closing Tuesday: 2.1
Closing Thursday: 2.2 and 2.3(part 1)
Warning: You should already be done with 2.1. Attempt all of 2.2 by tonight! And start to look at 2.3. Ask lots of questions in quiz section tomorrow.

### 2.2 Rates with Formulas (continued)

 Recall our example from last time:$$
\begin{aligned}
t & =\text { hours } \\
D(t) & =144 t-18 t^{2}=\text { distance in miles }
\end{aligned}
$$

Last time, we noted that the formula for average trip speed is:
$\operatorname{ATS}(\mathrm{t})=\frac{D(t)}{t}=\frac{144 t-18 t^{2}}{t}=144-18 \mathrm{t}$
Now we discuss incremental rates:

Entry Task:
(a) Find the car's average speed from $\mathrm{t}=2$ to $\mathrm{t}=4$ ?
(b) Find the average speed over the 0.1 -hour interval starting at $t=2$.
(c) Find the general formula for the average speed over the 0.1-hour interval starting at $t$.
(d) Find the general formula for the average speed over the $h$-hour interval starting at $t$.
2.3 Quadratic Business Applications

Example: You sell Things.
Costs Info:
Each Thing costs $\$ 6$ to produce and you have fixed costs of $\$ 20$.
Revenue Info:
The price per Thing is given by a linear
(demand) function of quantity;
You will charge $\$ 8$ per Thing for an order of 7 Things and $\$ 20$ per Thing for an order of 1 Thing.

Find the ...
(a) price function.
(b) $\mathrm{TR}(\mathrm{q}), \mathrm{TC}(\mathrm{q})$ and profit functions.
(c) $M R(q)$ and $M C(q)$ functions.
(d) At what quantities is profit zero?
(i.e. you break even)
(e) At what quantity is profit maximized?

## Random Problems from Homework:

2.2/2: Find the average rate of change of $y=9+5 x+0.5 x^{2}$ between $x=4$ and $\mathrm{x}=6$.
2.2/4: Let $\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x})=5+\mathrm{x}+\mathrm{x}^{2}$ and $\mathrm{h} \neq 0$.

Find and simplify $\frac{f(x+h)-f(x)}{h}$
2.2/6: Let $\mathrm{f}(\mathrm{x})=8 \mathrm{x}^{2}-\mathrm{x}+7$ and $\mathrm{h} \neq 0$. Find and simplify $\frac{f(x+h)-f(x)}{h}$
2.2/8 and 9: Just like example from class. Here is part of 9 :

$$
D(t)=2 t-0.04 t^{2}
$$

Find a formula for the car's average speed during the 2-minute interval beginning at time $t$.
2.3/2:
$C(x)=21000+55 x+0.3 x^{2}$ and $R(x)=425 x-0.7 x^{2}$.
Find break even points.
2.3/7(d): For what range of quantities is $\operatorname{AVC}(q)=(1 / 30) q^{2}-(1 / 10) q+1$ at most \$0.55?
2.3/5: Price per item is $p=150-0.80 x, 2.3 / 9(c)$ : Give the longest interval on Find the maximum revenue. which $T R(q)=-0.16 q^{2}+24 q$ and Profit $=\left(-0.16 q^{2}+24 q\right)-(6 q+175)$ are both increasing

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { 2.3/8,9: } & \operatorname{TR}(q)=-0.25 q^{2}+30 q \\
& T C(q)=17.5 q+100
\end{array}
$$

(a) Find MR and MC formulas
(b) Find AR and AC formulas

